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PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT COVER SHEET This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53(c). Express Mall Label No.

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Injection Hose Assembly With Swivel

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to injection hoses that are utilized to inject liquid dyes, lubricant or additives or other liquids into an air conditioning or refrigeration system.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Air conditioning and refrigeration systems often leak refrigerant and lubricant. This leakage can reduce the efficiency of the system. A substantial loss of refrigerant and lubricant can also cause premature failure including compressor burnout. Also, refrigerants escaping into the environment, are known to cause ozone depletion and, possibly, to global warming. Leak detection is generally performed by injecting a fluorescent dye into the air conditioning or refrigeration system.

A number of injectors have been developed for injecting dye into an air conditioning or refrigeration system. Some injectors may also be used to inject other liquids into a system such as refrigerant lubricant and performance additives. As an example, U.S. Pat.No. 6,263,778 issued June 24, 2001 to Brass describes a liquid injection device.

Typically, injectors require a hose or conduit to convey the liquid from the injector reservoir or cartridge to the air conditioning or refrigeration system. For example, referring to Figs. 1 to 4, a hose assembly for R134a systems has a 90 degree R134a female quick disconnect fitting 1 that is usually connected to a low side service port of the air conditioning system. These fittings 1 typically have an automatic shutoff when removed from the air conditioning system after the injection process is completed. Hose 2 is used to convey the liquid. Interface fitting 3 is used to connect the hose assembly to an injector reservoir or cartridge. Fitting 3 may be a screw on or quick disconnect type interface and may also include a check valve embodiment to prevent back pressure from the air conditioning system. The check valve will also prevent liquid from exiting the hose when removed from the injector.

Referring to Figure 2, an R12/R22 embodiment similar to the hose assembly of Fig. 1 may be made by replacing fitting 1 with an R12/R22 fitting 4. It is to be recognized that fittings compatible with R12 and R22 refrigerant systems will also be compatible with many other types of refrigerant systems that use similar fittings. Hose assemblies for other types of systems that are not compatible with R134A or R12/R22 fittings can be easily made by replacing the fitting 1 or 4 with a compatible fitting.

Referring to Fig. 3 an adaptor fitting may be used to convert an R134a hose assembly as in Fig. 1 into an R12 or R22 hose assembly. In this embodiment a male quick disconnect 5 is fitted into fitting 1 of Fig. 1 in order to perform the conversion.

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Referring to Fig. 4 there are many different injectors that can be combined with the type of hose described above, an example of injector 6 has a spindle which, when turned in a clockwise direction through injector body 7, pushes a piston in a cartridge 8 in a forward direction. Pushing the piston forward, forces the liquid in the cartridge 8 to open a check valve 9 further conveying the liquid through flexible hose 10 and further past R134a female fitting 12 into an air conditioning or refrigeration system. Total length 11 of an injection system can be up to 22 inches or more.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In a first aspect the invention provides an injection hose assembly for connection between a pressurized system and an injector for injecting fluids into the pressurized system. The assembly has a first fitting compatible with a fitting on the pressurized system, and a second fitting compatible with the injector. The second fitting has an opening to which the injector can be connected. The assembly also has a substantially non-collapsing joint between the first fitting and the second fitting, and a generally tubular hose between the first fitting and the swivel.

The first fitting, hose, swivel and second fitting are connected to provide fluid connection between the first fitting and the second fitting. The second fitting is offset from the hose and the joint permits at least two positions of the second fitting with respect to the hose. In the first position the second fitting opening is substantially aligned with the hose directed towards the first fitting. In the second position the second fitting opening is directed at 90 degrees to the hose.

The joint may have a third position again substantially at 90 degrees to the first position, while the second fitting opening is directed in the opposite direction from the second position.

In a second aspect the invention also provides an injection hose assembly for connection between a pressurized system and an injector for injecting fluids into the pressurized system. The assembly has a first fitting compatible with a fitting on the pressurized system, and a second fitting compatible with the injector. The second fitting has an opening to which the injector can be connected. The assembly also has a substantially non-collapsible swivel joint between the first fitting and the second fitting, and

a generally tubular hose between the first fitting and the swivel. The first fitting, hose, swivel and second fitting are connected to provide fluid connection between the first fitting and the

second fitting. The second fitting is offset from the hose and the joint permits rotation of the second fitting with respect to the hose between a first and a second position. In the first position the second fitting opening is substantially aligned with the hose directed towards the first fitting. In the second position the second fitting opening is directed at 90 degrees to the hose.

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- The joint may also permit rotation of the second fitting to a third position again substantially at 90 degrees to the first position, while the second fitting opening is directed in the opposite direction from the second position.
 - In either aspect the second fitting may be offset from the hose by a distance sufficient to permit the hose and the injector to pass one another without bending the hose.
- Other aspects of the invention will be evident from the figures and other description provided herein.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a better understanding of the present invention and to show more were clearly how it may be carried into effect, reference will now be made, by way of example, to the accompanying drawings which show the preferred embodiment of the present invention and in which:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a hose assembly for use with an R134A refrigeration system,

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- FIG. 2 is a perspective view of a hose assembly for use with an R12/R22 refrigeration system,
- FIG. 3 is a perspective view of an adapter for converting the hose assembly of Fig. 1 for use with an R12/R22 refrigeration system,
- FIG. 4 is a perspective view of a hose assembly of Fig. 1 used in association with a cartridge and manual injector,
 - FIG. 5 is a disassembled perspective view of a hose assembly with swivel in accordance with the preferred embodiment of the invention and a cartridge for holding liquid to be injected,
 - FIG. 6 is an assembled perspective view of the hose assembly and cartridge of Fig. 5 and a manual liquid injector, with the hose in a first position,
 - FIG. 7 is a perspective view of the hose assembly, cartridge and injector of Fig. 6, with the hose in a second position,
 - FIG. 8 is a perspective view of the hose assembly, cartridge and injector of FIG. 7, with the hose in a third position,
- FIG. 9A is an exploded view of a preferred embodiment of a swivel for use in the hose assembly of Figs. 5 through 8,

- FIG. 9B is a partially exploded view of the swivel of FIG. 9A from a position 90 degrees about the axis of the swivel,
- FIG. 9C is an end view of a plug used in the swivel of Figs. 9A & 9B,
- FIG. 9D is an end view of a portion of the swivel of Figs. 9A and 9B,
- FIG. 10 is a perspective view of a straight R134A hose subassembly of the hose assembly of Figs. 5 through 8 for use with the swivel of Figs. 9A & 9B,
 - FIG. 11 is a perspective view of a 90 degree R134A hose subassembly of the hose assembly of Figs. 5 through 8 for use with the swivel of Figs. 9A & 9B, and
- FIG. 12 is a perspective view of an R12/R22 hose subassembly of the hose assembly of Figs. 5 through 8 for use with the swivel of Figs. 9A & 9B. 10

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring to Figs. 5 through 12, a hose assembly provides a more versatile method of using an injection system (an injector together with a hose assembly) in that it allows for easier access to connect to an air conditioning or refrigeration system as well as being more compact to store in a carrying case or tool box. Today's automotive engine compartments leave very little access space for repairs. Attaching an injector hose assembly to the low side service port of an air conditioning system can be cumbersome and inconvenient. After the connection is made the position of the injector body may not be conducive to being comfortable and to perform accurately the injection process. The swivel feature provides a sound ergonomic solution to this process. Additionally a feature of being able to fold the hose assembly to being parallel (aligned side by side) with the injector body allows for easer storage in a tool box or drawer.

Referring to Fig. 5, cartridge 13 (in this case an empty cartridge 13) similar to that in Fig. 4 has a piston 14. Male threads 15 provide a connector 15. A hose assembly has a joint (swivel body 16 and swivel arm 18). Swivel body 16 has a threaded opening 16a that mates with connector 15. The swivel body 16 with opening 16B provides a fitting for connection to an injector (in this case the cartridge is part of an injector). The swivel body is connected to swivel arm 18 to provide a swivel point 17. Flexible hose 19 connects the swivel arm 18 to a fitting 19B for connection to an air conditioning or refrigeration system. The swivel arm 18 provides an offset between the hose 19 and the injector to allow the injector and hose to pass one another without

having to bend the hose.

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The connection to the air conditioning system is preferably made at the high side of the system; however, some air conditioning systems only provide a high side port. As is known to those skilled in the art, the hose assembly should be designed to withstand pressures that may be encountered when in use.

- Referring to Fig. 6, hose assembly 20 (the same assembly as shown in Fig. 5) is connected to an injector assembly 21 in a fully extended position with the hose and second fitting opening 16 B aligned with one another, but with the opening 16B directed away from the second fitting 19B. The total length of the injector and hose assembly is similar to that shown for the injector and hose assembly of Fig. 4.
- Referring to Fig. 7, hose assembly 20 is folded in parallel (aligned side by side) with the injector body. The overall length is considerably shorter than that of Figs. 4 and 6. This is very useful for storage of the injector in connection the hose assembly. Typically the injector and hose assembly are stored connected to each other as it is easy to get the liquids on clothing and other objects when the injector and hose assembly are disconnected. These liquids are often very difficult remove. Clothing can be easily ruined from contact with these liquids.
 - Referring to Fig. 8, hose assembly 20 has a position at approximately 90 degrees to the injector body. The hose assembly will typically be used substantially in this position for air conditioning systems as it permits connection to an air conditioning port that is pointing upwards, while holding an injector horizontally. This is generally a preferred position.
- Although the parallel (side by side) position and the 90 degree position are necessary to avoid twisting having to bend the hose in many applications (something that is not easy when also having to connect the hose assembly to the injector and air conditioning or refrigeration system), other positions are helpful. For example, being able to place put the hose assembly into a position opposite to that shown in Fig. 8, such the second fitting opening is directed at 90 degrees to the hose, but the second fitting opening is at 180 degrees to the position shown in Fig. 8, allows the injector to be flipped, while otherwise maintaining the hose assembly in position. This means that an operator has much more flexibility in choosing the most comfortable or otherwise preferable position for holding the injector while connected to the air conditioning or refrigeration system.
- Referring to Figs 9A through 9D, the internal design joint is evident. It is not necessary to use this particular design on order to achieve all or any one particular benefit described herein. It will be evident to those skilled in the art that modifications can be made to what has been

described throughout this description while remaining within the spirit and scope of the invention as described by the claims.

Referring to Fig. 10, a hose assembly portion for connection to a joint as previously described has a straight R134a female quick disconnect coupler 23, for connection to an R134a air conditioning or refrigeration system. Hose 24 is usually flexible. Threads 25 offers a means of attachment to the swivel arm 18 of Fig. 5.

Referring to Fig. 11 a hose assembly portion similar to that of Fig. 10 has a 90 degree R134a female quick disconnect coupler 26, for connection to an R134a air conditioning or refrigeration system.

In all cases, preferably, swivel device 27 permits rotation of the fitting through 360 degrees but no less than 90 degrees in one direction.

Referring to Fig. 12 a hose assembly portion similar to that of Figs. 10 and 11 with an R12, R22 female coupler 30 is for connection to an R12 or R22 air conditioning or refrigeration system.

The swivel device can have the following embodiments:

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- 15 1. The ability to rotate at a full 360 degrees but no less then 60 degrees from being parallel to the injector body.
 - 2. The ability to rotate to being parallel with the injector body as in Figure 7.
 - 3. The swivel device may have a ratcheting capability to maintain the hose at any desired position in the rotation.
- The swivel device may have a friction action capability to maintain the hose at any desired position in the rotation.
 - 5. The swivel device may be of a manual type unlock and lock to any chosen position within its rotation capabilities.
 - 6. The swivel arm 18 Figure 5 can be sufficiently long enough to clear the injector body assembly as shown in Figure 7.
 - 7. The swivel assembly can have a check valve 22 Figure 9.

It will be understood by those skilled in the art that this description is made with reference to the preferred embodiment and that it is possible to make other embodiments employing the principles of the invention which fall within its spirit and scope as defined by the following claims.

We claim:

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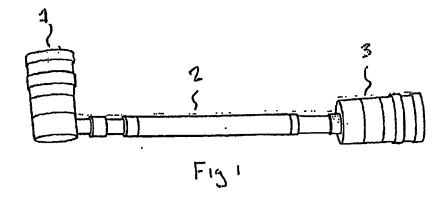
- An injection hose assembly for connection between a pressurized system and an injector for injecting fluids into the pressurized system, the assembly comprising:
 - a) a first fitting compatible with a fitting on the pressurized system,
- b) a second fitting compatible with the injector, the second fitting having an opening to which the injector can be connected,
 - c) a substantially non-collapsing joint between the first fitting and the second fitting, and
 - d) a generally tubular hose between the first fitting and the joint,

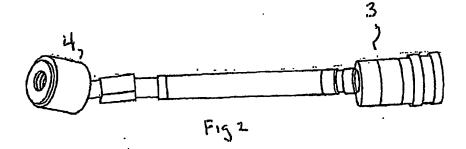
wherein the first fitting, hose, joint and second fitting are connected to provide fluid connection between the first fitting and the second fitting, and

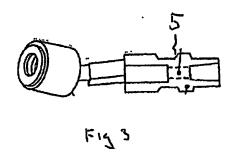
wherein the second fitting is offset from the hose and the joint permits at least two positions of the second fitting with respect to the hose, in the first position the second fitting opening is substantially aligned with the hose directed towards the first fitting and in the second position the second fitting opening is directed at 90 degrees to the hose.

- 15 2. An injection hose assembly for connection between a pressurized system and an injector for injecting fluids into the pressurized system, the assembly comprising:
 - a) a first fitting compatible with a fitting on the pressurized system,
 - b) a second fitting compatible with the injector, the second fitting having an opening to which the injector can be connected,
- 20 c) a substantially non-collapsible swivel joint between the first fitting and the second fitting, and
 - d) a generally tubular hose between the first fitting and the swivel,
 wherein the first fitting, hose, swivel and second fitting are connected to provide fluid connection between the first fitting and the second fitting, and
- wherein the second fitting is offset from the hose and the joint permits rotation of the second fitting with respect to the hose between a first and a second position, in the first position the second fitting aperature is substantially aligned with the hose directed towards the first fitting and in the second position the second fitting opening is directed at 90 degrees to the hose.

- 3. The injection hose as sembly of claim 1, wherein: the joint has a third position again substantially at 90 degrees to the first position, while the second fitting opening is directed in the opposite direction from the second position.
- The injection hose assembly of claim 2, wherein: the joint also permits rotation of the
 second fitting to a third position again substantially at 90 degrees to the first position, while the second fitting opening is directed in the opposite direction from the second position.
 - 5. The injection hose assembly of claim 1 or claim 2, wherein: the second fitting is offset from the hose by a distance sufficient to permit the hose and the injector to pass one another without bending the hose.







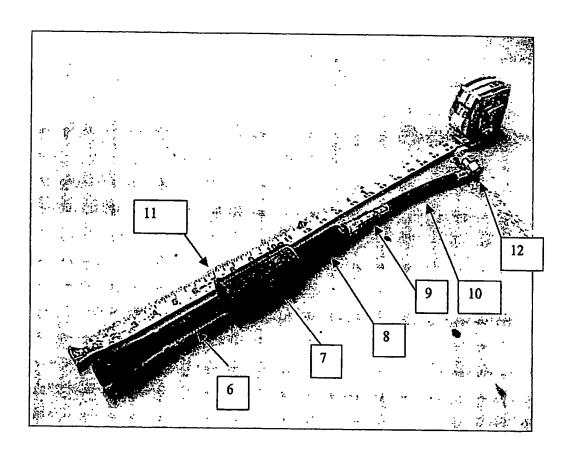


Fig. 4

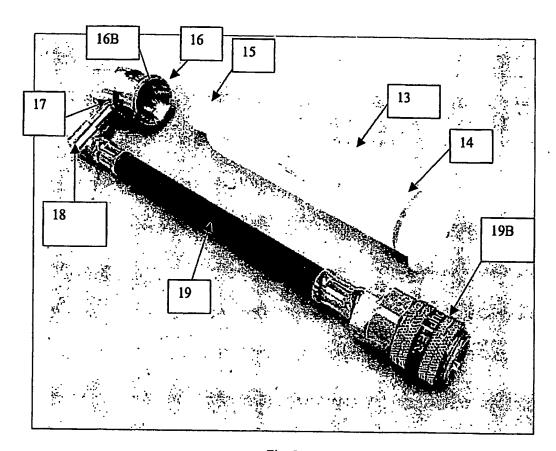


Fig. 5

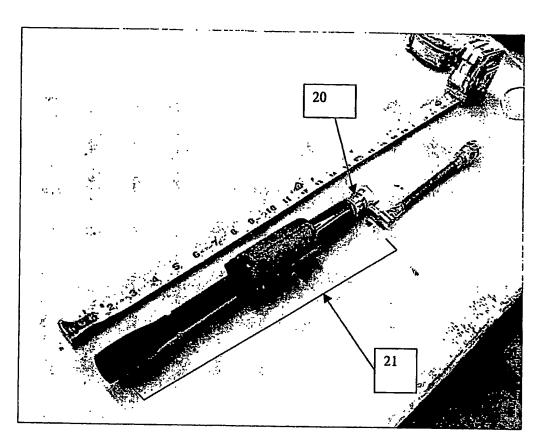


Fig. 6

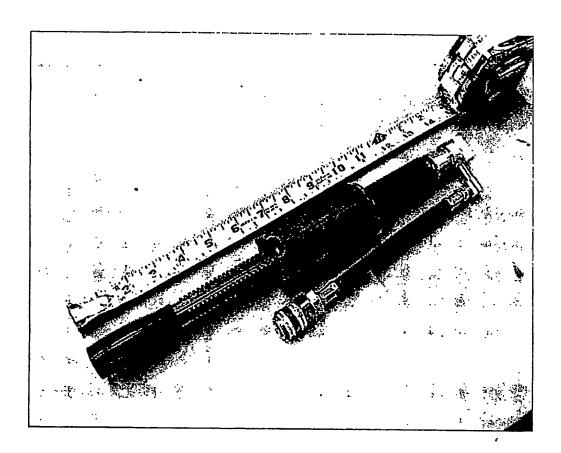


Fig. 7

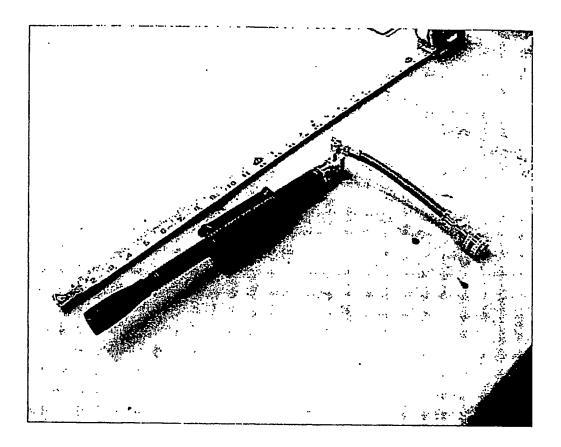
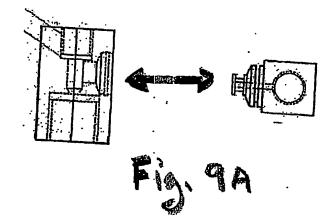
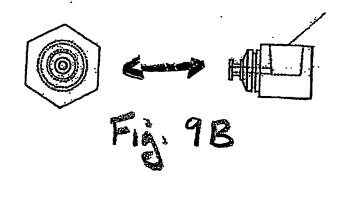


Fig. 8

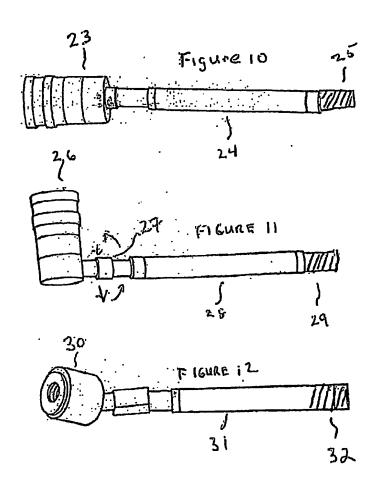












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